MEMO

DATE:

April 15, 2005

TO:

Energy and Environment Committee

FROM:

Alan Thompson, Senior Regional Planner thompson@scag.ca.gov (213) 236-1940

SUBJECT:

Regional Comprehensive Plan, Energy Chapter Action Plan

SUMMARY:

Mr. Alan Thompson, SCAG staff will brief the committee on the Energy chapter of the Regional Comprehensive Plan (RCP), focusing on the action plan. The Energy Action Plan identifies potential actions for various government agencies to assist in implementation of SCAG policies.

Currently SCAG has no regional energy generation policy. A workshop is scheduled for April 29th in order to develop recommendations. It is also noted that SCAG has no energy conservation policy. SCAG has air quality policies that result in conservation from mobile (transportation) sources, but not from static sources. Conservation will also be discussed at the April 29th workshop. The results of that workshop will also be presented to the committee.

The action plan is a component of the RCP energy chapter, which is still in development. A complete draft of the energy chapter will be presented to the committee at a later date.

BACKGROUND:

The Regional Comprehensive Plan (RCP) is intended to serve as a useful tool for outside entities in implementing policies of the Regional Council.

As the designated Regional Transportation Planning Agency (RTPA) for the region, it is imperative for SCAG to pursue implementation of the measures included in its major planning documents. For the first time, the 2004 RTP identified various measures intended to improve the efficient operation of the region's transportation system. Simply put, the region must then pursue the types of development identified in the plan in order to ensure transportation performance. In that sense, the region must also make progress on implementation in order to continue to demonstrate conformity with air quality requirements. Finally, the RTP Program Environmental Impact Report (PEIR) identified future implementation actions by SCAG, and by local jurisdictions, as mitigation for adverse impacts.

The RCP will facilitate implementation by reviewing and compiling the region's various policies and by presenting recommended actions and menus of options for external parties, focusing on local governments.

The Energy Chapter provides a framework for governments to develop policies and practices consistent with regional energy policies, and also for energy policies to be consistent with other regional policies.



2005/06 SCAG RCP

Preliminary Draft Action Plan for Energy Chapter

INTRODUCTION

The energy action plan identifies policy and practice that SCAG endorses for external parties and itself. While the actions included here are advisory, SCAG will refer to its recommended practices in administering Inter-Governmental Review as authorized by CEQA. The action plan includes items identified as mitigation in the Program Environmental Impact Report for the 2004 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP).

The action plan, as with other RCP chapters, is organized according to the implementing party. As such, there is a recommended actions section for the Federal Government, State Government, SCAG and other regional agencies, and local governments.

California's recent energy crisis brought energy to the forefront of public policy issues. These issues can be summarized as 1) meeting the immediate energy demands, and 2) planning and developing the energy infrastructure necessary for servicing future population growth and energy requirements.

Meeting immediate demands is problematic in that existing supply and demand for petroleum is resulting in significantly high retail prices. In addition, in 2000, there were electricity price spikes and rolling blackouts. Energy conservation provides the most immediate benefit at the regional/local level.

Meeting future needs will be challenging. The energy needs necessary to serve the additional six million people forecast for the region will be substantial. This is especially true if high-energy projects will be required, such as Magnetic Levitation High Speed Rail trains and seawater desalinization plants.

In 2004, SCAG's Regional Council created a clear set of objectives and goals related to the future growth of the region and formalized them in the Compass Growth Vision and the Regional Transportation Plan. The growth vision calls for accelerated growth in key strategic areas that are beneficial to energy conservation, such as transit oriented development along major corridors. The vision for future growth and development is described in full in the Land Use and Housing Chapter of this plan.

This chapter presents energy policies adopted by the Southern California Association of Governments' (SCAG) Regional Council and are referenced in the action plan and are appended as well. It also contains data on electricity, natural gas, and petroleum fuel production and consumption for the SCAG region and the state.

The Indicators Section includes performance indicators to show how the region is progressing toward its policy goals and relates the region's progress on energy issues to the Regional Council's Growth Vision principles:

SCAG POLICIES REGARDING ENERGY

The SCAG Regional Council, through resolutions and adoption of major planning and policy documents, has established policies regarding energy. The overarching policy for energy is one of sustainability. The Regional Council, through its 2004 Growth Vision, recognizes that energy production and consumption must be sustainable in order to manage efficiently natural resources and in order to protect the environment today and in the future. The overarching energy policy is to:

 Develop strategies to accommodate growth that use resources efficiently, eliminate pollution, and significantly reduce waste. - SCAG Growth Vision, Policy 72

To reduce the overall consumption of fossil fuels, particularly petroleum, SCAG policies encourage the use of alternative fuel vehicles and encourage the use of transit:

- Encourage local jurisdictions to purchase alternative fuel vehicles, support the installation of refueling infrastructure, planning, education, and outreach to promote alternative fuel vehicles, support the development of legislation, programs, funding, and technology which addresses clean fleets and alternative fuels. SCAG Resolution 145
- Encourage investment in transit. SCAG Growth Vision, Policy 72

SCAG enacted policies to show their support for clean power plants in an effort to develop sustainable energy generation and to develop the power plants in an environmentally sustainable way.

- Oppose current power plant projects at the US-Mexico border, until California Best Available Control Technologies are installed and maintained on all power plants along the border. - SCAG Resolution 144
- Support only the use of the best available technology including monitoring, air, and water impacts for locating any nuclear waste facility. – SCAG Resolution 148

SCAG is required to implement the mitigation measures listed in its Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program of the 2004 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) Program Environmental Impact Report (PEIR). The mitigation measures are part of the Action Plan. Mitigation measures addressing energy include:

• Work with local jurisdictions and energy providers, through [SCAG's] Energy and Environment Committee and other means, to encourage regional-scale planning for improved energy management. Future impacts to energy shall be minimized through cooperative planning and information sharing within the

SCAG region. This cooperative planning shall occur during the update of the Energy chapter of SCAG's Regional Comprehensive Plan and Guide.

 Encourage state and federal lawmakers and regulatory agencies to pursue the design of programs to either require or incentivize the expanded availability and use of alternative-fuel vehicles to reduce the impact of shifts in petroleum fuel supply and price. – SCAG EIR Policy 171

RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

Actions For The Federal Government

- 1. SCAG strongly encourages the federal government to develop a long-term plan to reduce the dependence on fossil fuels, the majority of which is used for transportation. Conservation and research into alternative fuels may provide significant long-term solutions. (Policy Reference: 1996 RCP EIR 171; Growth Vision 79, Resolution 145)
- Promote Federal legislation/regulations promoting increased vehicle fuel efficiency standards.
- Maintain or increase funding for HOV lanes and promotion of carpooling.
- Encourage elected officials to actively promote carpooling
- Increase the funding available for transit programs under the Highway Trust Fund.
- Develop a national consensus on alternative fuel research and development.
- Provide incentives for local units of Federal agencies to adopt alternative vehicle fleets to promote alternative fuel infrastructure development.
- 2. SCAG strongly encourages the federal government to provide incentives for the construction of energy efficient commercial and residential buildings. (Policy Reference: Growth Vision 72)
- 2. SCAG strongly encourages the federal government to promote alternative and innovative energy source generation. [NOTE: SCAG HAS NO ENERGY GENERATION POLICY]
- Promote tax incentives for the commercial/domestic alternative energy generation, such as solar power and wind turbines. (Growth Vision Principle 72?)
- Promote tax incentives to increase the use of cogeneration technologies. (Growth Vision Principle 72?)

Actions for the State Legislature

- 1. SCAG strongly encourages the State of California to support the widespread use of environmentally sustainable energy sources, such as solar or wind energy.
- Maintain and expand Solar Energy Rebate Program
- Promote Solar Energy Technology development.

- Provide incentives to increase the use of cogeneration technologies.
- 2. SCAG strongly encourages the State of California to continue to support alternative fuel vehicle incentives and research. (Policy Reference: EIR 171, Resolution 145)
- Provide incentives for state and local governmental bodies to adopt alternative vehicle fleets.
- Adopt alternative fueled vehicles for government fleet cars throughout the nation.
- Maintain and expand incentives for populace to purchase and use alternative fuel vehicles (e.g. carpool lane usage)
- Provide preferred "Reserved for Alternative Fuel Vehicle" parking locations at state buildings.
- 3. SCAG strongly encourages the State of California to promote fuel conservation (Policy Reference 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 79)
- Promote public awareness campaigns on carpooling and transit ridership
- Promote preferred parking spaces for carpools at State office buildings
- Provide subsidies for carpooling and transit ridership
- Promote public awareness campaigns on carpooling and transit ridership
- Incorporate schools into the "Flex Your Power" public awareness program.
- 4. SCAG strongly encourages the State of California to continue providing incentives for commercial and residential energy conservation purchases (Policy Reference 72)
- Provide state tax rebates to low income households (and landlords for low-income housing) who purchase efficient appliances.
- Provide informational items promoting the California Home Energy Efficiency Rating System (CHEERS)
- 5. SCAG strongly encourages the State of California to promote, through advocacy or regulation, environmentally efficient structures (Policy Reference: GV 72)
- Require new government buildings be built according to a minimum threshold on the Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) Green Building Rating System.
- Require minimum LEED standards for all commercial/residential building construction.
- Advocate the use of natural cover (roof top trees/shrubs) to reduce urban heat sink phenomenom.

Actions for SCAG and Regional Agencies

1. Scag has no policy on energy conservation. There are policies related to air quality and transportation that have the same effect as conservation, as it relates to congestion

mitigation, . (Policy Reference 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23) but not static energy usage (lighting, heating, etc.)

- Advocate for dedicated preferred designated parking for carpools at government buildings and businesses.
- Promote public awareness campaigns on carpooling and transit ridership
- Promote preferred parking spaces for carpools at regional office buildings
- Promote public awareness campaigns on carpooling and transit ridership
- 2. SCAG has no regional energy generation policy. Any regional energy policy that is developed should be consistent with other regional policies, including environmental policies.
- Increase the total electricity supply from renewable resources, especially from resources located within the region.
- Conduct environmental justice analysis before locating energy facilities, such as power plants and/or transmission lines, in order to ensure that lower income and minority communities are not disproportionately negatively affected. SCAG has no Environmental Justice energy policy.
- Develop renewable energy resources to help meet the region's energy needs in an environmentally sensitive manner.
- 3. SCAG will continue to advocate for greater vehicle occupancy (Policy Reference: GV72)
- 4. SCAG will continue to advocate and plan for regional transit solutions to transportation problems. (Policy Reference: GV79)
- 5. SCAG will promote the use of alternative fuel vehicles. (Policy Reference: EIR 171)
- Advocate that local governments allow electric/alternative fuel vehicles to park at metered parking spots at no charge (any applicable time limitation would still apply).
- 6. SCAG will continue to work with local jurisdictions, the California Energy Commission and energy providers to develop state energy guidelines based on projected demand and supply. Developing State guidance with local and regional input will build a consensus for energy action across the state. (Policy Reference: EIR 172)
- Regional Planning Agencies work with CEC to develop energy demand and supply forecasting methodology.
 - Distinguish energy generation and consumption for the built environment and that for transportation purposes.
 - Develop data on the implications of energy usage, especially on emissions of toxic air contaminants and greenhouse gases and possibly for other environmental issues, such as water quality.

- Support state and local efforts to better coordinate demand side management programs and the development of overall energy policies and goals.
- Develop regional energy performance indicators and goals for those indicators.
- Investigate the potential benefits to the region from encouraging distributed energy resources and combined heat, cooling, and power.
- Regional agencies monitor and provide input towards development of State energy projections.

Actions for Counties and Cities

- 1. SCAG strongly encourages local governments to purchase alternative fuel vehicles and develop the infrastructure necessary to support the vehicles.
- Local governments purchase alternative fuel vehicles for their fleet, where practical.
- Local governments develop a common infrastructure necessary to support these vehicles.
- Local governments work with SCAG and other governmental units to establish standards on alternative fuel technology and infrastructure.
- 2. SCAG strongly encourages local governments to establish LEED or other innovative energy standards for new construction. (Policy Reference: GV 72)
- 3. Local Governments should monitor and provide input in the development of the State energy projections. (Policy Reference: EIR 172)
- 4. Local governments should review and update, as necessary, building retrofit ordinances for energy efficiency. (Policy Reference: RCPG 87, EIR 172)
- 5. SCAG's Compass Growth Vision program has identified 2% of the land in the SCAG region to focus land use and transportation investments in order to accommodate the forecast growth in the region to the year 2030. Governments can review this "2% Strategy" and ensure that energy policy is implemented in the areas of the 2% Strategy that fall within their jurisdictions. SCAG can promote the 2% Strategy to educate jurisdictions about the strategy and about ways to implement the strategy, at the same time incorporating energy policy into their plans. (Policy Reference 159, 160, 161)

Energy Policies

SourceDocument	id	Policy	Туре
1996 RCPG			
1000 1101 0.		Encourage patterns of urban development and land use, which reduce costs on infrastructure construction and make better use of existing facilities.	Policy
	✓ Transportation	on Energy	
	✓ Land Use	✓ Water	
	✓ Housing	✓ Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	✓ Solid Waste	
	✓ Economy	✓ Other	
	85	The timing, financing, and location of public facilities, utility systems, and transportation systems shall be used by SCAG to implement the region's growth policies.	Policy
	✓ Transportati	on Energy	
	✓ Land Use	✓ Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	✓ Economy	✓ Other	
	84	In areas with large seasonal population fluctuations, such as resort areas, forecast permanent populations. However, appropriate infrastructure systems should be sized to serve high season population totals.	Policy
	Transportati	on Energy	
	✓ Land Use	✓ Water	
	✓ Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	✓ Solid Waste	
	Economy	✓ Other	
	83	The population, housing, and jobs forecasts, which are adopted by SCAG's Regional Council and that reflect local plans and policies, shall be used by SCAG in all phases of implementation and review.	Policy
	Transportat	ion	
	✓ Land Use	y Water	
	✓ Housing		
	Air Quality	✓ Solid Waste	
	Economy	✓ Other	

EIR

Page 1 of 3

SourceDocument	id	Policy		Туре	
	172	providers, three Environment encourage regimproved ene impacts to en through cooperation states to encourage regimproved ene impacts to enthrough cooperation states cooperation and the update of	al jurisdictions and energy bugh the Energy and Committee and other means, to gional-scale planning for rgy management. Future ergy shall be minimized erative planning and naring within the SCAG region. tive planning shall occur during the Energy chapter of SCAG's apprehensive Plan and Guide.	Mitigatio	
	Transportati	on 🔽	Energy		
	Land Use		Water		
	Housing		Habitat and Open Space		
	Air Quality		Solid Waste		
	Economy	✓	Other		
	171	regulatory ag programs to e expanded ava fuel vehicles	ate and federal lawmakers and encies to pursue the design of either require or incentivize the allability and use of alternative-to reduce the impact of shifts in supply and price.	Mitigatio	
	✓ Transportati	on 🗸	Energy		
	Land Use		Water		
	Housing		Habitat and Open Space		
	✓ Air Quality		Solid Waste		
	Economy		Other		
Growth Vision	on				
GIOWIII VISI		Encourage in	vestment in transit.	Policy	
	✓ Transportat	_	Energy	,	
	✓ Land Use		Water		
	✓ Housing		Habitat and Open Space		
	✓ Air Quality		Solid Waste		
	Economy		Other		
		Develop strat	tegies to accommodate growth surces efficiently, eliminate significantly reduce waste.	Principle	
	✓ Transportat	ion 🗸	Energy		
	✓ Land Use	✓	Water		
	Housing		Habitat and Open Space		
	Air Quality	•	Solid Waste		
	Economy	V	Other		

Resolutions

SourceDocument	id	Policy	Туре
		Supports only the use of the best available technology including monitoring, air, and water impacts for locating any nuclear waste facility.	Position
	Transportation	on Energy	
	Land Use	✓ Water	
	Housing	☐ Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	
	145	Encourage local jurisdictions to purchase alternative fuel vehicles, support the installation of refueling infrastructure, planning, education, and outreach to promote alternative fuel vehicles, support the development of legislation, programs, funding, and technology which addresses clean fleets and alternative fuels.	Position
	✓ Transportati	on Energy	
	Land Use	☐ Water	
	Housing	☐ Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	
	144	RC opposes current power plant projects at the US-Mexico border, until California Best Available Control Technologies are installed and maintained on all power plants along the border.	Position
	☐ Transportat	ion 🗹 Energy	
	Land Use	Water	
	Housing	☐ Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	

Air Quality Policies

		<u></u>		
SourceDocument	id	Policy	Туре	
1996 RCPG	-			
	110	Encourage local participation in the consensus processes regarding confor processes through SCAG's Transport. Conformity Working Group and the Marask Force.	ation	
	✓ Transportation	n Energy		
	Land Use	☐ Water		
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space		
	Air Quality	Solid Waste		
	Economy	✓ Other		
	106	Work cooperatively with the region's a districts, ARB and EPA to develop a coordinated game plan to resolve federal/state submission problems an standard differences, and to identify socioeconomic considerations. Local jurisdictions' participation should be s in the negotiations to resolve conflictifederal and state submittal requireme ambient air quality standards.	d ought ng	
	Transportati	on Energy		
	Land Use	Water		
	Housing	☐ Habitat and Open Space		
	Air Quality	Solid Waste		
	Economy	✓ Other		
	98	Encourage planned development in le least likely to cause environmental im		
	Transportati	on Energy		
	✓ Land Use	✓ Water		
	Housing	✓ Habitat and Open Space		
	Air Quality	Solid Waste		
	Economy	✓ Other		

SourceDocument	id	Policy	Туре
	108	Work to implement consensus-based approaches to emission reductions from goods movement sources, using the goods movement task force process, studies, and recommendations advocated by SCAG in the 1994 South Coast Air Quality Management Plan (Appendix IV-C).	Policy
	✓ Transportati	ion Energy	
	Land Use	Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	✓ Other	
	109	Work with local, state, and federal agencies to streamline the conformity process and eliminate or revise provisions that are unworkable or of questionable value for ensuring conformity whit the purpose of the State Implementation Plan as required by Section 176(c) of the Federal Clean Air Act.	Policy
	✓ Transportati	ion Energy	
	Land Use	☐ Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	✓ Other	
	111	Determine specific programs and associated actions needed (e.g., indirect source rules, enhanced use of telecommunications, provision of community-based shuttle services, provision of demand management based programs, or vehicle-milestraveled/emission fees) so that options to command and control regulation can be assessed.	Policy
	Transportat	tion Energy	
	Land Use	Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	

SourceDocume	nt id	Policy	Type	
		Ensure through the Transportat Improvement Plan and conform that funding priority for transpor measures identified in the attain are adhered to in local decision addition, support recognition of priorities in the federal and stat transportation appropriation pro-	ity processes tation nment plans making. In these e	
	✓ Transportation	n Energy		
	✓ Land Use	☐ Water		
	Housing	Habitat and Open S	pace	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste		
	Economy	Other		
		Work to ensure that those infra projects and transportation pro identified as Transportation Co Measures in the State Impleme are not sanctioned or withheld sanctions are imposed.	grams ntrol entation Plan	
	✓ Transportation	on Energy		
	Land Use	☐ Water		
	Housing	Habitat and Open S	Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste		
	Economy	Other		
	114	SCAG and the region's air distriction of the continue to maintain Memoran Understanding detailing coope relationships and requiring that growth forecasts be used in the of all air district plans.	da of rative planning regional	
	Transportati	on Energy		
	Land Use	Water		
	Housing	Habitat and Open S	Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste		
	Economy	✓ Other		
	116	Actively reach out to both priva sectors to assist in the develop approaches, formation of imple strategies and identification of resources to help achieve imple quality-related projects and pro-	oment of ementation fiscal ementation air	
	Transportati		•	
	Land Use	☐ Water		
	Housing	Habitat and Open	Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste		
	✓ Economy	Other		

SourceDocument	id	Policy		Type
	83	which are adop Council and the policies, shall	n, housing, and jobs forecasts, oted by SCAG's Regional at reflect local plans and be used by SCAG in all lementation and review.	Policy
	✓ Transportati	on 🗸 E	Energy	
	✓ Land Use	✓ 7	Vater	
	✓ Housing	✓ I	labitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	✓ 5	Solid Waste	
	Economy	✓ (Other	
	115	process, ensu government (r subregional, a land use, trans	nvironmental document review re that plans at all levels of egional, air basin, county, and local) consider air quality, sportation, and economic o ensure consistency and licts.	Policy
	▼ Transportat	on 🗌 I	Energy	
	✓ Land Use		Water	
	Housing		Habitat and Open Space	
	✓ Air Quality		Solid Waste	
	Economy	✓ (Other	
EIR	163	operating hou duty truck traf	e ports to extend their rs in order to reduce heavy- fic during peak periods, ing the VHT these trucks y.	Mitigatio
	✓ Transportat	ion 🔲 :	Energy	
	Land Use		Water	
	Housing		Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality		Solid Waste	
	Economy		Other	
	171	regulatory age programs to e expanded ava fuel vehicles	ate and federal lawmakers and encies to pursue the design of either require or incentivize the allability and use of alternative-to reduce the impact of shifts in el supply and price.	Mitigatio
	✓ Transporta	ion 🗸	Energy	
	Land Use		Water	
	Housing		Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality		Solid Waste	
	Economy		Other	

SourceDocument	id	Policy	Туре
	169	Encourage the U.S. Department of Transportation and the California Highway Patrol to continue to enforce speed limits and existing regulations governing goods movement and hazardous materials transportation.	Mitigatio
	✓ Transportati	on Energy	
	Land Use	☐ Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	✓ Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	
	164	Facilitate implementation of the transportation control measures outlined in the 2003 SCAQMP.	Mitigatio n
	✓ Transportati	ion Energy	
	Land Use	Water	
	Housing	☐ Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	
	162	Encourage education about and implementation of California's Parking Cas Out law as a means of further reducing VM	
	✓ Transportation	ion Energy	
	Land Use	☐ Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	✓ Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	
Growth Visi	ion		
	79	Encourage investment in transit.	Policy
	✓ Transportat	ion	
	✓ Land Use	☐ Water	
	✓ Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	✓ Economy	✓ Other	
	72	2 Develop strategies to accommodate grow that use resources efficiently, eliminate pollution and significantly reduce waste.	vth Principle
	✓ Transportat	tion	
	✓ Land Use	✓ Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	✓ Other	

SourceDocument	id	Policy		Туре
	61	Promote	"people-scaled", walkable ities	Principle
	✓ Transportation		Energy	
	✓ Land Use		Water	
	✓ Housing		Habitat and Open Space	
	✓ Air Quality		Solid Waste	
	Economy		✓ Other	_
	56	Encoura	ge transit-oriented development.	Principle
	✓ Transportati	on	Energy	
	✓ Land Use		Water	
	✓ Housing		Habitat and Open Space	
	✓ Air Quality		Solid Waste	
	Economy		✓ Other	
	82	focused	compact, centers- and corridors- development, mixed-use, and transit- development.	Strategy
	Transportati	on	Energy	
	✓ Land Use		Water	
	✓ Housing		Habitat and Open Space	
	✓ Air Quality		Solid Waste	
	Economy		✓ Other	
Resolutions		technolo	s only the use of the best available ogy including monitoring, air, and opacts for locating any nuclear waste	Position
	Transportat	•	✓ Energy	
	Land Use		✓ Water	
	Housing		Habitat and Open Space	
	✓ Air Quality		Solid Waste	
	Economy		Other	
	145	alternati installat planning promote develop funding	age local jurisdictions to purchase the fuel vehicles, support the ion of refueling infrastructure, g, education, and outreach to e alternative fuel vehicles, support the ment of legislation, programs, and technology which addresses eets and alternative fuels.	Position
	✓ Transportat	ion	✓ Energy	
	Land Use		Water	
	Housing		Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality		Solid Waste	
	Economy		Other	

Tuesday, April 19, 2005

SourceDocument	id	Policy	Type
	144	RC opposes current power plant projects at the US-Mexico border, until California Best Available Control Technologies are installed and maintained on all power plants along the border.	Position
	Transportation	on Energy	
	Land Use	Water	
	Housing	☐ Habitat and Open Space	
	✓ Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	
	143	RC urges federal government to establish common environmental standards and enforcement procedures with Mexico to protect residents' health and to assure that new border stationary sources have minimal negative impacts on the environment.	Position
	Transportati	on Energy	
	Land Use	Water	
	Housing	☐ Habitat and Open Space	
	✓ Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	✓ Other	
	138	Approves participation with Caltrans to undertake the development of an implementation strategy for congestion pricing.	Position
	✓ Transportati	on Energy	
	Land Use	☐ Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	✓ Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	
RTP			
	26	Focus growth along transit corridors and nodes to utilize available capacity.	Policy
	✓ Transportat	ion Energy	
	✓ Land Use	Water	
	✓ Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	

SourceDocument	id	Policy	Туре
	9	HOV gap closures that significantly increase transit and rideshare usage will be supported and encouraged, subject to SCAG's adopted Regional Performance Indicators.	Policy
	✓ Transportati	ion Energy	
	Land Use	☐ Water	
	Housing	☐ Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	
	39	Prioritize transportation projects that maximize efficient use of existing capacity, such as Traffic Management Centers, ramp metering, signal synchronization and other ITS.	Policy
	▼ Transportati	ion Energy	
	Land Use	Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	✓ Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	
	48	Reflect environmental, environmental justice, and local quality of life constraints at existing airports that operate in built-out urban environments.	Principle
	✓ Transportati	ion Energy	
	✓ Land Use	☐ Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	✓ Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	
	14	Support funding for education and outreach to all employers and to the general public in order to increase awareness and participation in ridesharing.	Strategy
	✓ Transportat	tion	
	Land Use	Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	
	12	2 Program public funds into the RTIP to help maintain the public sector share of the existing rideshare market and to increase the number of carpoolers by 8,000 annually.	Strategy
	✓ Transportat	tion Energy	
	Land Use	Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	

SourceDocument	id	Policy	Type
	13	Provide "seamless" intra- and inter-county carpool services to the regional traveler.	Strategy
	✓ Transportation	on Energy	
	Land Use	Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	
	15	Together with county transportation commissions, SCAG will work to further refine existing rideshare tracking, documentation and reporting methods, so as to improve the Region's ability to effectively demonstrate timely implementation of Transportation Control Measures.	Strategy
	✓ Transportati	on Energy	
	Land Use	Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
200 A STATE OF THE	Economy	Other	
	16	Formalize and expand partnerships among public and private sector stakeholders to improve delivery of vanpool services regionally, increase ridership, and improve outreach efforts.	Strategy
	▼ Transportati	on Energy	
	Land Use	☐ Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	✓ Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	
	17	Increase the number of commuter vanpools from 1,400 to 5,000 through more effective marketing, an increase in dedicated public-sector staffing and resources, and the provision of non-monetary public sector incentives.	Strategy
	✓ Transportati	ion Energy	
	Land Use	Water	
	Housing	Habitat and Open Space	
	✓ Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	Other	

SourceDocument	id	Policy		Type
	18	planning	a dedicated funding source for and implementing vanpool s and services.	Strategy
	✓ Transportation		Energy	
	Land Use		Water	
	Housing		Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality		Solid Waste	
	Economy	,,	Other	
	19	Facilitate strategy sectors t increase efforts.	Strategy	
	✓ Transportati	on	Energy	
	Land Use		Water	
	Housing		Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality		Solid Waste	
	Economy		Other	
	20	public ar increase	e and expand partnerships among nd private sector stakeholders to opportunities for wage and salary regionally to telecommute in lieu of nmuting.	Strategy
	✓ Transportati	on	Energy	
	Land Use		Water	
	Housing		Habitat and Open Space	
	✓ Air Quality		Solid Waste	
	Economy		Other	
	21	telework opportur	achievement of a 4-5 percent /telecommute goal to increase nities for wage and salary workers ly to telecommute in lieu of daily ing.	Strategy
	✓ Transportati	on	Energy	
	Land Use		☐ Water	
	Housing		Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality		Solid Waste	
	Economy		Other	

So	urceDocument	id	Policy		Type
		22	22 Explore the opportunity to develop and to disseminate educational programs at the county and community level that promote consumers' use of non-motorized travel modes for non-work trips made during commute hours.		Strategy
		▼ Transportati	on Ene	ergy	
		Land Use	☐ Wa	ter	
		Housing	Hat	bitat and Open Space	
		✓ Air Quality		id Waste	
		Economy	Oth	ner	
		23	private sector pri shopping, school services and pro- modes of travel to evaluate their	chips among public and oviders of medical, oil, recreation and related grams to identify alternative to their establishments and ability to offer consumer non-commute hours.	Strategy
		✓ Transportati	on Ene	ergy	
		Land Use	☐ Wa	iter	
		Housing	Ha	bitat and Open Space	
		Air Quality	☐ Sol	lid Waste	
		Economy	✓ Oth	her	
		38		ortation projects that improve ts, cargo facilities, and ers.	Strategy
		✓ Transportat	ion En	ergy	
		Land Use	☐ Wa	ater	
		Housing	Ha	bitat and Open Space	
		Air Quality	☐ So	lid Waste	
		Economy	✓ Ot	her	
		41	2001 RTP in hig	ange study corridors from the gh-demand and/or high- ased upon the findings of the	Strategy
		Transportat	ion En	nergy	
		✓ Land Use	\square W	ater	
		Housing	Ha	abitat and Open Space	
		Air Quality	☐ So	lid Waste	
		Economy	Ot	her	

SourceDocument	id	Policy	Туре
		Use the proposed funding for non-motorized transportation to implement bikeway expansion projects, create a bicycle- and pedestrian-friendly transportation environment, induce mixed-use development that promotes biking and walking, and conduct public safety education for bicyclists and pedestrians.	Strategy
	✓ Transportation	on Energy	
	✓ Land Use	☐ Water	
	Housing	☐ Habitat and Open Space	
	Air Quality	Solid Waste	
	Economy	✓ Other	